

The Evolution of Midstream Energy Infrastructure: Poised for the Transition

EPISODE 3

Crude Market Overview

JANUARY 2023

CONFIDENTIAL

chickasawcap.com | 800.743.5410



Global Oil Demand

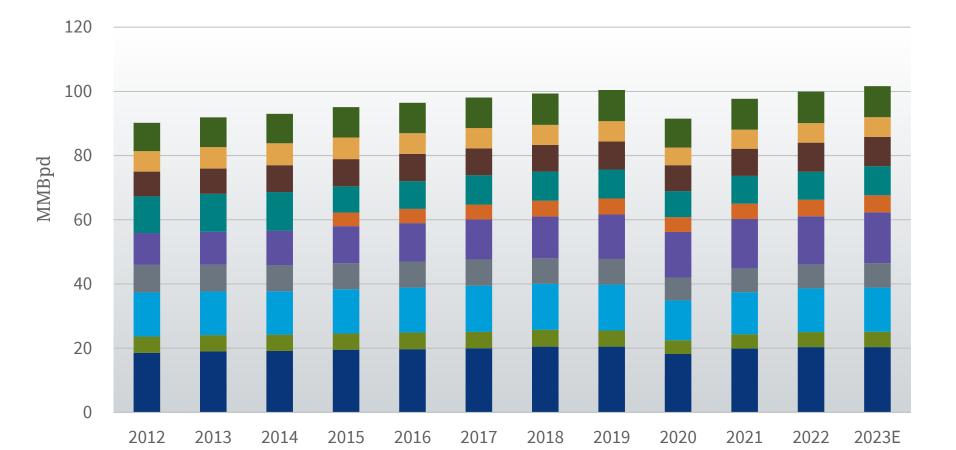


Global oil demand correlates to GDP growth.

Prior to 2020, China grew annual demand at a 5x faster rate than the rest of the world.

COVID-19 impacts reduced demand 9% in 2020, erasing most of the gains in the prior 8 years.

The IEA expects global demand to reach a new record in 2023 at ~102 million barrels per day (MMBpd).



■ U.S. ■ Canada & Mexico ■ Europe ■ OECD Asia ■ China ■ India ■ Other Asia ■ Middle East ■ Americas ■ Rest of World

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), "Oil Market Report", December 2022

CONFIDENTIAL



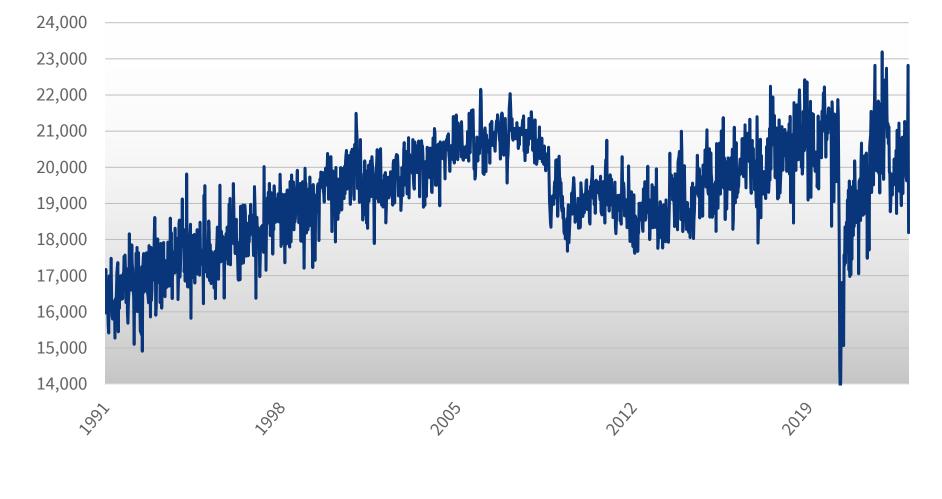
U.S. Petroleum Demand



Petroleum demand has shown relative inelasticity over the previous 30 years excluding the recent near-term volatility from the COVID-19 related restrictions.

The U.S. consumes ~25% of the 100 million barrel per day market.

Thousands of Barrels Per Day



Source: EIA, Weekly Data through December 2022

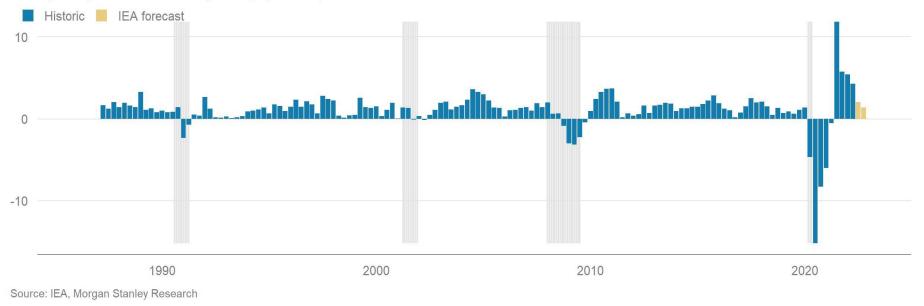




Historically there has been little change in global oil demand during recessions.

Oil demand and recessions

Change in global oil consumption (yoy; mb/d) and US recessions



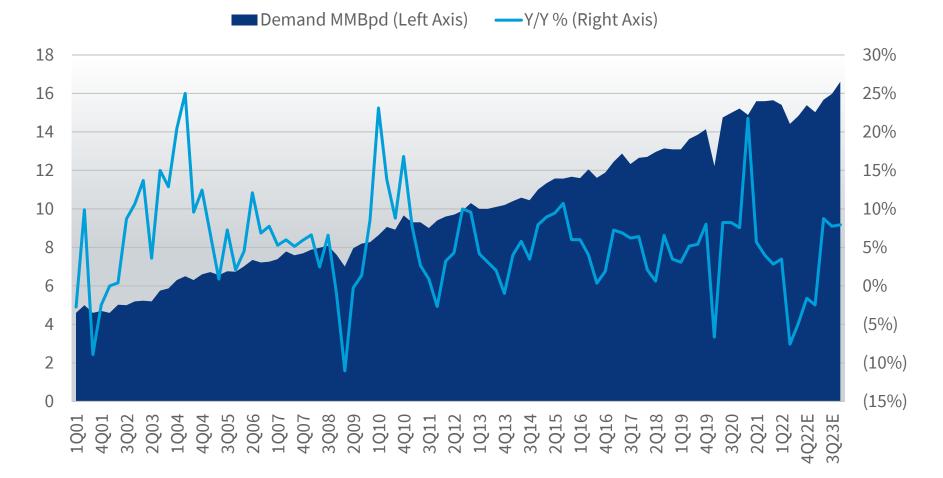
Source: IEA: Morgan Stanley Research, "The Oil Manual", April 21st, 2022



Chinese Demand



China's Zero COVID policies have stalled demand growth, but the government has recently loosened restrictions and increased refined product export quotas which could increase demand in 2023. The IEA forecasts Chinese demand growth of ~6% next year.



Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), "Oil Market Report", December 2022

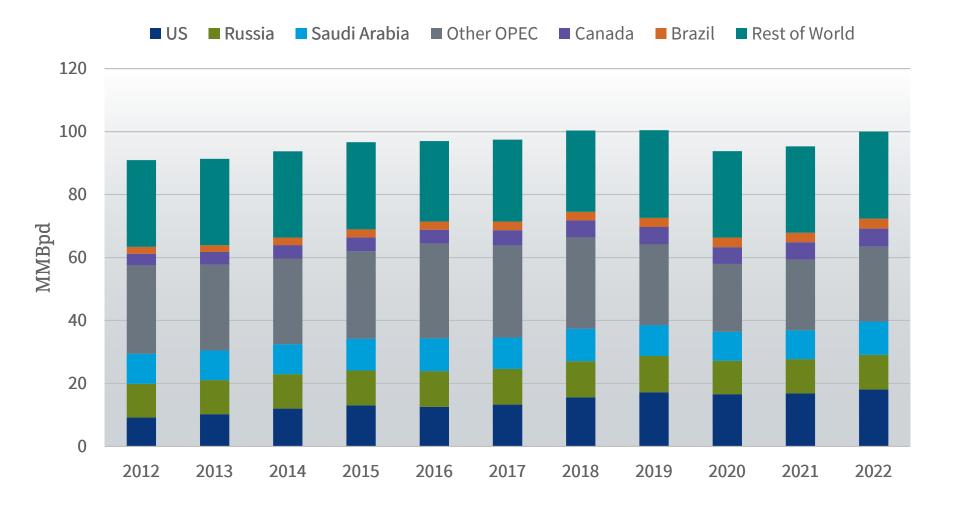
CONFIDENTIAL





Approximately 100 million barrels of hydrocarbon liquids are produced around the world each day. As of 2022, the U.S. is the world's single largest producer at 18 MMBpd, followed by Russia and Saudi Arabia at ~11 MMBpd each.

Global crude production fell 7% in 2020 in response to COVID-19 and has not since recovered to 2019 levels.



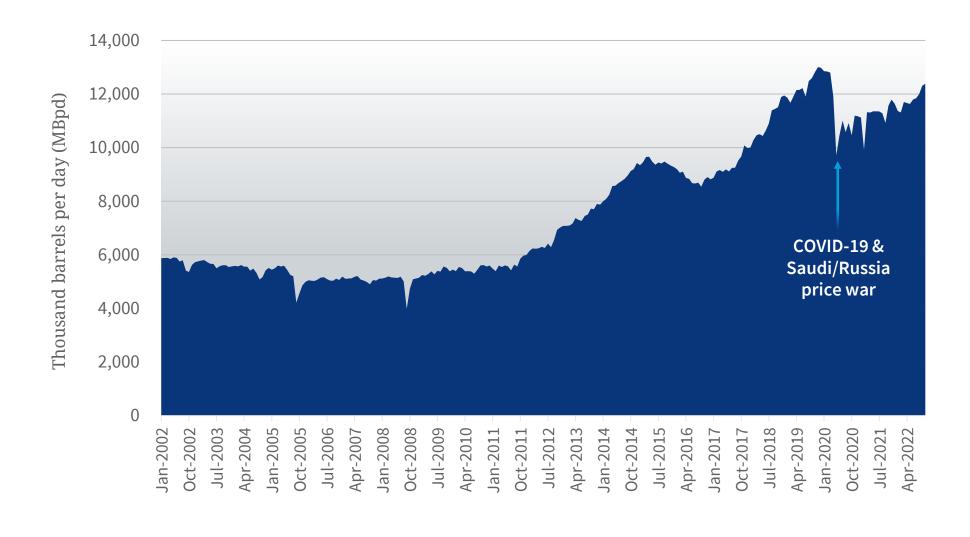
Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), "Oil Market Report", December 2022





U.S. crude production peaked at 13 MMBpd in 2019 but fell 25% in 2020 as a result of COVID-19's impact on demand and the price war between Saudi Arabia and Russia. Current production is ~12.4 MMBpd, 5% below peak, due in part to upstream financial discipline.

Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), "Crude Oil Production", December 2022

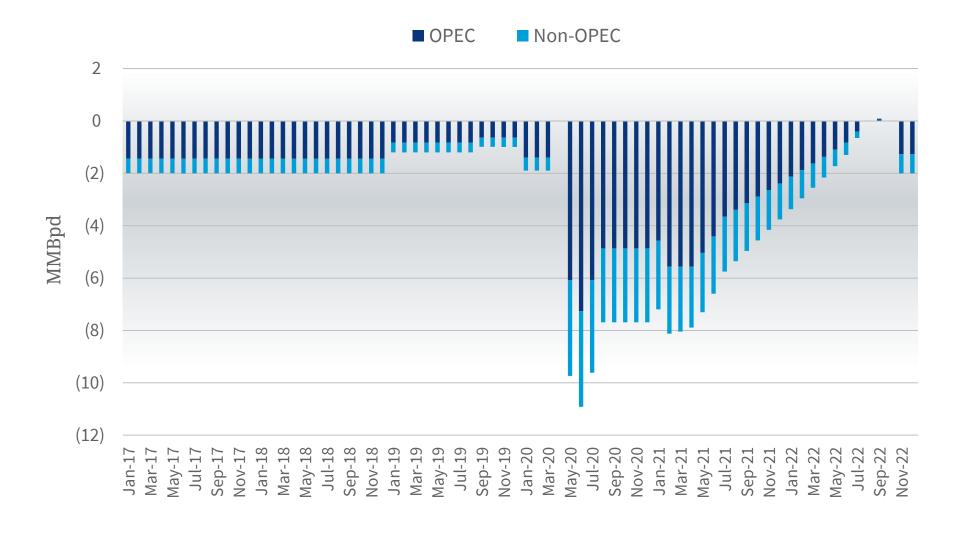




OPEC+ Production



Since the beginning of 2017, OPEC+ has removed an average of 3.6 MMBpd of production from the global market to stabilize prices.



Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), "Oil Market Report", December 2022

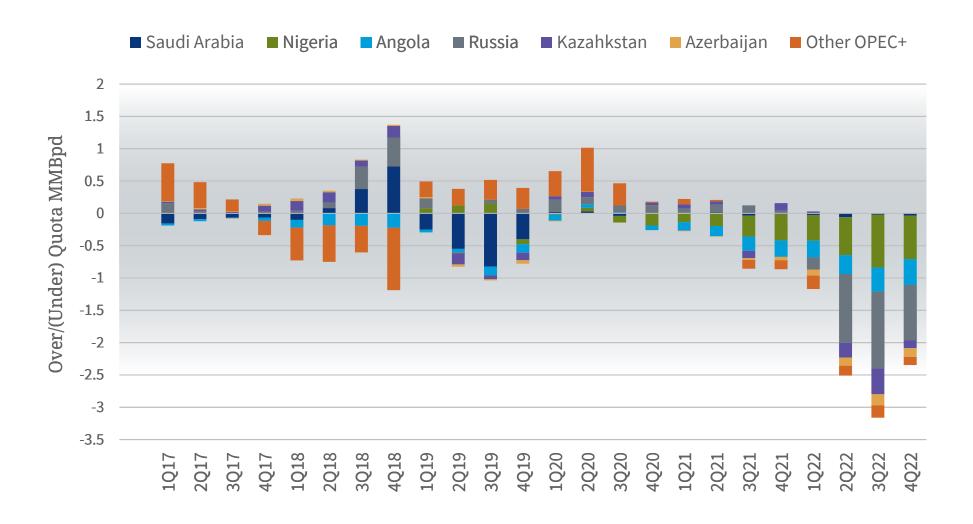


OPEC+ Compliance



Since 2021, several members of the **OPEC+** cartel have under-produced their quotas by as much as 3 MMBpd cumulatively. Their under-performance calls into question what the true amount of OPEC+'s spare capacity is and whether it can increase supply to meet rising demand.

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), "Oil Market Report", December 2022 & OPEC, "OPEC Monthly Oil Market Report", November 2022





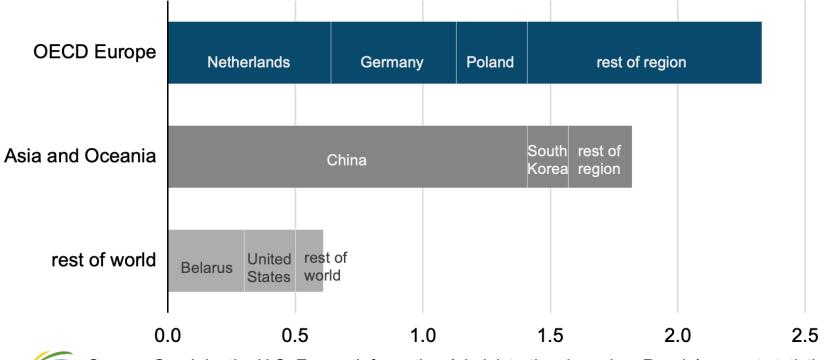
Russia



Russia is the 3rd largest oil producer and largest oil exporter.

Prior to its invasion of Ukraine, most of Russia's exports went to OECD Europe and China.

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA), "Oil Market and Russian Supply", March 2022; U.S. Energy Information Administration, "Europe is Key Destination for Russia's Energy Exports", March 14, 2022. Crude oil and condensate exports from Russia (2021) million barrels per day





Source: Graph by the U.S. Energy Information Administration, based on Russia's export statistics and partner country import statistics published by Global Trade Tracker



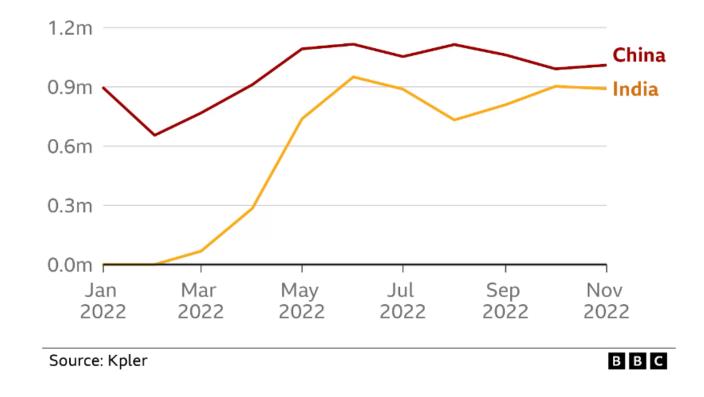


India and China have increased purchases of Russian crude in place of the European Union.

Source: BBC News "Ukraine Crisis: Who is buying Russian oil and gas", December 6, 2022

Russian oil imports by India and China

Oil imported, million barrels-per-day



Russia

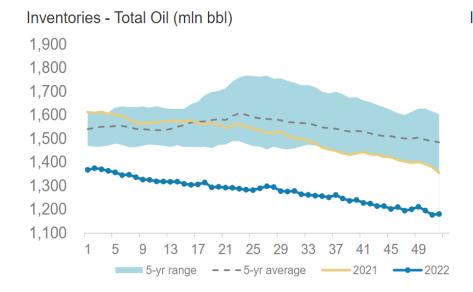


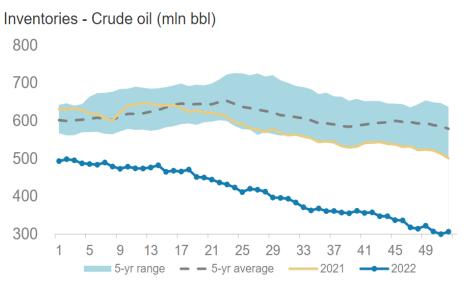
Global Oil Inventories



Global inventories remain depressed and well below their 5-year average ranges.

Observable Inventories for Japan, Singapore, Antwerp-Rotterdam-Amsterdam, Fujairah, and the U.S.





Source: EIA, PJK, IE Singapore, PAJ, Genscape, FEDCom/Platts

Source: Morgan Stanley Research, "Observable Oil Inventories in 2022", January 03, 2023



The Evolution of Midstream Energy Infrastructure: Poised for the Transition

EPISODE 3

Crude Market Overview

JANUARY 2023

CONFIDENTIAL

chickasawcap.com | 800.743.5410



Disclosures

This video presentation was recorded in January 2023 and may not be copied, distributed, published or reproduced in any form in whole or in part. This video presentation was prepared for discussion and illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as investment advice or an offer, solicitation or recommendation to buy or sell any security, product or service. Current and future holdings are subject to numerous risks, and past performance does not guarantee future results. Investments in securities will not always be profitable and investors may lose money, including principal. Chickasaw Capital Management gives no guarantees with respect to the success of its investment management services and has not authorized any person to represent or guarantee any particular investment results. Securities identified do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended to advisory clients.

Any views or opinions expressed by the speakers are subject to change any time without notice based upon market or other conditions. Chickasaw Capital Management disclaims any responsibility to update such views. These views should not be relied on as investment advice and, because investment decisions are based on numerous factors, may not be relied on as an indication of trading intent on behalf of any Chickasaw Capital Management product. Chickasaw Capital Management cannot be held responsible for any direct or indirect loss incurred by applying any of the information presented.

Chickasaw Capital Management does not provide legal, tax or accounting advice. Any statement contained in this communication concerning U.S. tax matters is not intended to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding penalties imposed on the relevant taxpayer. Clients of Chickasaw Capital Management should obtain their own independent tax advice based on their particular circumstances.

Further information can be found at www.chickasawcap.com. Copyright by Chickasaw Capital Management 2023. All rights reserved.

CONFIDENTIAL



Additional Information

Chickasaw Capital Management, LLC gives no guarantees with respect to the success of its investment management services and has not authorized any person to represent or guarantee any particular investment results. Any historical data provided herein are solely for the purpose of illustrating past performance and not as a representation or prediction that such performance could or will be achieved in the future. Securities are subject to numerous risks, including market, currency, economic, political and business risks. Investments in securities will not always be profitable, and investors may lose money, including principal. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This is not an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of any security.

Chickasaw Capital Management, LLC does not provide legal, tax or accounting advice. Any statement contained in this communication concerning U.S. tax matters is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding penalties imposed on the relevant taxpayer. Clients of Chickasaw Capital Management, LLC should obtain their own independent tax advice based on their particular circumstances. Opinions expressed are current opinions as of the date appearing in this material only. The information herein is subject to change without notice. No part of this material may be copied, photocopied or duplicated in any form, by any means, or redistributed without the prior written consent of Chickasaw Capital Management, LLC.

Gross Domestic Product or *GDP* is the total monetary or market value of all the finished goods and services produced within a country's borders in a specific time period. As a broad measure of overall domestic production, it functions as a comprehensive scorecard of a given country's economic health.

MBpd or *mb/d* is thousand barrels per day.

MMBpd or *mmb/d* is million barrels per day.

NGLs or *Natural Gas Liquids* are hydrocarbons—in the same family of molecules as natural gas and crude oil, composed exclusively of carbon and hydrogen. Ethane, propane, butane, isobutane, and pentane are all NGLs. There are many uses for NGLs, spanning nearly all sectors of the economy. NGLs are used as inputs for petrochemical plants, burned for space heat and cooking, and blended into vehicle fuel.

OECD is the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, an intergovernmental organization with 38 member countries, founded in 1961 to stimulate economic progress and world trade. The majority of OECD members are high-income economies with a very high Human Development Index (HDI) and are regarded as developed countries.

OPEC+ is a loosely affiliated entity consisting of the countries that are members of the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), plus several of the world's major non-OPEC oil-exporting nations, most notably Russia, with the goal of exerting a degree of control over the price of crude oil.

This material is provided for informational and educational purposes only and should not be construed as investment advice or an offer or solicitation to buy or sell any security, product or service.

PAST PERFORMANCE DOES NOT GUARANTEE FUTURE RESULTS